

Date:	
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How was Augustus's rule different from the rule of the emperors who came after him?

- A Augustus seized power in a war; his successors all inherited the throne peacefully
- **B** Augustus kept republican traditions; his successors were more autocratic
- C Augustus refused to listen to the Senate; his successors did not repeat this mistake
- Augustus killed all of his enemies; his successors refused to follow his example
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In the sentence, "Commodus was a capricious ruler," what does "capricious" mean?

- **A** Cautious
- **B** Wise
- C Reckless
- Popular
- 3 Which term best describes Rome's political situation during the 3rd century?
- **▲** Chaotic
- **B** Placid
- C Republican
- **D** Stable
- 4 How was the Roman Empire similar to the Spanish Empire, which decayed from the 1600s to the 1800s?
- A Both empires began as republics
- **B** Both empires controlled territories in the Americas
- **C** Both empires were overthrown by Germanic people
- **D** Both empires decayed gradually
- Place the following events in sequence: A) Constantinople is founded; B) Commodus dies; C) Romulus Augustus surrenders
- **Δ** A, B, C
- **R** C, B, A
- **C** B, A, C
- **D** C, A, B

6	Why were most Romar	ı soldiers sta	ationed on t	the borders of
	the Empire?			

- A Housing was more affordable outside Rome's city limits
- **B** To protect against barbarian invasions
- To avoid the crowding and unrest within the city of Rome
- **D** To prevent Roman citizens from leaving the Empire
- In what modern country was the ancient city of Constantinople located?
- A Germany
- **B** Italy
- C Great Britain
- **D** Turkey

## 8 During the 3rd century, how did new emperors claim the throne?

- **▲** By killing or overthrowing old emperors
- **B** By inheriting the throne from their fathers
- By winning major battles against Rome's enemies
- **D** By winning elections

## **9** Which of the following statements is true?

- A Roman emperors were often power-hungry military generals
- **R** Roman emperors had a reliable system for choosing successors
- C Although it had political problems, Rome's economy remained stable
- The Byzantine Empire collapsed almost immediately after it was founded

## 10 Why do some people say that Rome never fell?

- ▲ Roman ruins still exist
- **B** Aspects of Roman law and culture are still with us
- C Italy is still part of Europe
- The Byzantine Empire never collapsed